

(Rules for securing a proper Registration of Births and Deaths under Section 106, Clause (c), of the
Municipal Act.)

No.240.

The 6th July 1885.

[Amendment : 18.06.1989]

No.240.-The 6th July 1885.- In supersession of all previous notifications on the same subject, the following rules, under section 106, clauses (c), (d), (g), and (i), of the Myanmar Municipal Act, 1884, made by the Rangoon Municipal Committee, have been confirmed by the Chief Commissioner under section 108 of the said Act, and are published for general information:-

1. Registration books in the following forms shall be kept by the Registrar of each district:-

Births in the District of **in the Municipality of Rangoon.**

Serial No.	When born.	Name.	Sex.	Name of father.	Name of mother, and maiden name if European or Eurnsian.	Occupation of father.	Race and, in case of Hindus, caste.	Signature or mark, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Remarks.

Deaths in the District of **in the Municipality of Rangoon.**

Serial No.	Date of death.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Occupation.	Race and, in case of Hindus caste.	Residence at time of death.	Residence previous to last illness.	Cause of death.	Signature or mark, description, and residence of informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Remark.

2. Registration books in the same forms shall be kept at each police station, and a book in the second of these forms at each burial or burning ground.
3. A register of all births and deaths in Rangoon shall be kept at the Municipal office under the superintendence of the Health officer, who shall have the executive control of the establishment for the registration of births and deaths.
4. All necessary information concerning a birth or death shall be given to the writer at the police station nearest to the place where the event occurred, or to one of the Registrars of Births and Deaths at his office.
5. The Municipality shall be divided into the following districts:-

Pazundaung.	Central.
Kemmedine.	

The Pazundaung district shall include the Botataung, Yegyaw, Tamwe, Theinbyu, and Okalaba divisions; the Central district shall include the Lanmadaw, Taroktan, North-West town, South-West town, North-East town, South-East town, and Dala divisions ; and the Kemmedine district shall include the North and South Kemmedine divisions.

6. To each registration district a Registrar shall be appointed, and every such Registrar shall have a convenient office within such district, on or near to the outer door of which shall be inscribed in English, Myanmar, and Tamil, so as to be conspicuous from the street or road adjacent to it, his name, with the addition of "The Registrar of Births and Deaths" for the district.

<Amendment 18.06.1989>

7. When a death is registered at a police station, or at the office of the Registrar of births and deaths, the writer at the police station or the Registrar shall give the informant a certificate to the effect that the death has been registered.

The certificate shall be in the following form:-

RANGOON MUNICIPALITY.

Register of Death.

Name	sex	age	race.	
Abode				
Has been registered this day at (office or station).				
				(Signature of Registrar or Writer.)

8. Every Registrar shall visit, periodically, every police station, burial and burning ground in his district, and collect the counterfoils of the entries of births and deaths. He shall then make an entry of each birth or death in his own book, which, with the counter-foils, he shall submit regularly to the Health Officer.
9. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully, so far as may be practicable, of every birth and of every death which shall happen within his district, and shall ascertain and register, as soon after the event as conveniently may be done, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered touching every such birth or every such death, as the case may be, which shall not have been already registered, every such entry being made in order from the beginning to the end of the book.
10. The father or mother of every child born within the limits of the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, absence, or inability of the father and mother, the occupier of the house in which such child shall have been born, or the nurse or person having charge of such child, or any person present at the birth, shall within 14 days next after the day of every such birth, give information at the police station, or to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.
11. Some person present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality, or, in case of the death, illness, inability, or default of such persons, the occupier of the house, or if the occupier be the person who shall have died, the eldest male, or in case the eldest male be under 16 years of age, the eldest adult female inmate of the house in which such death shall have happened, shall, within two days next after the day of such death, give information at the police station or to the Registrar of the district, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.
12. In case any new-born child or dead body shall be found exposed, the police shall give notice and information thereof to the Registrar of the district in which such child or dead body was found; and the

Registrar shall, with the aid of the police, register the particulars required to be known touching the birth of such child, or the death of such person, as the case may be, as far as he can learn the same.

13. In any case of a death from infectious disease, or in any case in which there is a suspicion that death may be due to violence or unnatural causes, the Registrar shall without delay inform the Health Officer.
14. For the purposes of these rules the person in charge of every prison, work-house, school or college, hospital, lunatic asylum, or public charitable institution, or the keeper of a common lodging-house, shall be deemed the occupier thereof.
15. Registrars shall be in attendance, at their offices from 6 to 9 A.M., and from 3 till 6 P.M.
16. Any breach of Rule 10 or Rule 11 shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, and, when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

----- Footnote -----

[ပင်ရင်း- ၁၁.၇.၁၈၈၅ ရက်နေ့ထုတ် ပြန်တမ်းမှူးယူတင်ပြသည်။]

----- Attachment -----

[ATTACH LIST 1] 01 Rules under Section 106, Clause (d), of the Burma Municipal Act. DEFINITIONS.

[ATTACH LIST 2] 02 Rules for controlling and regulating the use and management of Burial and Burning Grounds framed under Section 106, Clause (g), of the Burma Municipal Act.

[ATTACH LIST 3] 03 Rules under Section 106, Clause (i), of the Burma Municipal Act, 1884.